Final Lexical and Grammar Test

Form A

1. Put the following terms in the correct table column:

water jump	Alpine eve	its relay race	s skate stride	open water	javelin
t	raversing	springboard divi	ng hurdles	herringbone	

Skiing	Track-and-Field	Aquatics	

2. Guess the sports term:

demonstrate the cross.

swimming).

1. A number of players forming a team for the game.

2. A vertical leg kick where the legs move alternately (in

3. The gymnastic apparatus in which it is possible to

- a. start-upb. line-up
- c. round-up
- a. flutter kick
- b. dolphin kick
- c. scissors kick
- a. vaulting stand
- b. parallel bars
- c. rings
- 4. Any freestyle stunt performed in the air from a jump.
- a. mogul b. aerial
- c. downhill
- 5. In athletics, these races are run for both men and women a. relays over 100m (4 x 100m) and 400m (4 x 400m). A baton is b. hurdles passed from one team member to another.
 b. steeplechase

3. Find the infinitive in each sentence and translate them into Russian:

Model: His chances <u>to win</u> the race are rather high.

Его шансы на победу / победить в соревнованиях достаточно высоки.

- 1. To host the 2014 World Ice-Hockey Championship is a great honour for Belarus.
- 2. In discus and hammer throwing events it is necessary to throw an object from inside a circle.
- 3. This athlete is happy to have taken part in the Olympic Games.
- 4. To develop strength, flexibility and explosive power a gymnast has to practise hard for years.
- 5. Sunglasses are to protect Alpine skiers' eyes from sun rays.

4. Find the participle in each sentence and translate them into Russian:

- *Model:* We study at the University <u>founded</u> more than 70 years ago. Мы учимся в университете, *основанном / который был основан* более 70 лет назад.
 - 1. The man coaching the national football team graduated from our university.
 - 2. Having demonstrated high speed swimming this swimmer qualified for the final.
 - 3. The Alpine skier taken to hospital has got a serious injury.
 - 4. Having been explained how to perform the exercise the student managed to do it.
 - 5. The combined movements of legs and arms are called swimming strokes.

5. Find the infinitive or gerund and translate them into Russian:

Model: Only rich people in Great Britain can afford *to go / going* in for horseback riding.

Only rich people in Great Britain can afford <u>to go</u> in for horseback riding. В Великобритании только богатые могут позволить себе заниматься верховой ездой.

- 1. A lot of people enjoy to watch / watching sports on TV.
- 2. He prefers *to jog / jogging* to cycling.
- 3. The athlete stopped *to talk / talking* to his former coach.
- 4. They go to ski / skiing every weekend in winter.
- 5. He stopped *to play/playing* tennis at the age of 28.

6. Decide whether the ing-form is the participle or gerund and translate the sentences into Russian:

Model: a. He enjoys jogging every morning. (jogging – герундий)

Ему нравится бегать трусцой по утрам.

b. One can see a lot of people <u>jogging</u> in the park every morning. (jogging – причастие настоящего времени)

Каждое утро можно увидеть как многие бегают трусцой в парке.

- 1. Swimming is the act of moving through water.
- 2. I know the man swimming on the second lane. He studies at our university.
- 3. Participating in the Olympic Games is a great honour for every athlete.
- 4. Belarusian athletes participating in the 2010 Winter Paralympic Games brought home nine medals.
- 5. Learning the butterfly is difficult but it is a graceful stroke if performed correctly.
- 6. Learning new techniques athletes hope to achieve top results.

7. Underline the clauses with the participle, infinitive or gerund and translate the sentences into Russian:

- 1. Every athlete wants his career to be successful.
- 2. This athlete was reported to be disqualified for one year.
- 3. The javelin having broken while in the air, the throw wasn't counted as a failure.
- 4. The sprinters running 100m distance under 11.00 seconds qualify for the finals.
- 5. He is sure to win at the coming tournament.